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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/822,276	04/12/2004	James Alfred White		5667
JAMES ALFRI	7590 01/16/200 E D WHIT E	EXAMINER		
909 HWY 1204	1	PETERSON, KENNETH E		
PINEVILLE, LA 71360-2912			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3724	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/16/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/822,276	WHITE, JAMES ALFRED				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Kenneth Peterson	3724				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address				
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLEHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Poeriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing adaptant term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirt will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 L</u>	December 2008					
•		s action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
٥,١	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>1</u> is/are pending in the application.						
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
·	S)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1</u> is/are rejected.						
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
-	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
-	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
٠٠/	Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureasee the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicationity documents have been received au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
2) Notice (3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D: 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate				

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1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

The specification should be amended to make reference to the 3/8-16 threads.

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This would not be new matter, since it was originally claimed.

Appropriate correction is required.

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ross (2,464,993), who shows;

A means for slicing having a cutting element 9,

a blade support 4;

a means for supporting a potato being a potato supporting guide (20) having a first lock nut (left side, figure 1) via threads,

a means for rotating the potato having a drive support (5),

a drive spindle (22),

a means for manual rotation (24,25),

a drive nut guide (27,28,29) positioning a drive nut (32),

a means for driving with a drive element (34),

a common mounting element 3 having two counter stop elements (6) and 4 support elements (8).

Ross does not disclose a lock nut to hold the drive element (34) onto the spindle. Examiner takes Official Notice that it is ubiquitous for lock nuts to be employed to attach one element to another. For example, Ross himself teaches the use of lock nuts to hold an element on (20). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have modified Ross by providing a lock nut to hold the drive element on, as suggested by Ross himself.

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Ross does not disclose what standard he uses for his threading. However, one of ordinary skill in the art would know that the pitch of the threading would correlate to the thickness of the potato slice. Examiner takes Official Notice that there are a variety of thicknesses currently available in the potato chip market. Given this known desire to create various thickness potato chips, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to have modified Ross by changing his threading to increase or decrease the chip thickness. Clearly within the acceptable range of experimentation is the 3/8-16 thread.

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
 Applicant has successfully overcome the new matter rejection and the rejection under 35 USC 112.

Applicant argues that no one else has employed a 3/8-16 thread on their drive, and Applicant has conveyed the manner in which he arrived at this optimization. However, this does not change the fact that it is obvious to change the thread pitch to change the potato chip thickness.

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In this case, there is an unexpected result (ability to use American Standard threading) and also an expected result (different chip thickness by changing thread pitch). Decisions in this situation are ruled by MPEP 716.02(c)(I and II), which states that the advantages of the unexpected result (it's cheaper) must be weighed against the advantages of the expected result (differing chip thickness). Examiner deems that the unexpected result *does not* outweigh the expected result, and thus the claimed device is obvious.

Furthermore, and importantly, Applicant's claims are not commensurate in scope with his arguments of unexpected results, as per MPEP 716.02(d). While Applicant has argued for pages about starting with an American Standard thread and grinding it and the advantages thereof, none of that is reflected on the claims. The claimed 3/8-16 thread potentially has within it's scope screw rods that do not have the unexpected benefit of reduced cost. For example, a screw rod with square or acme threads could be cast to be 3/8-16, and that would meet the claims and yet not have Applicant's unexpected benefits. Accordingly, Applicant's arguments cannot be given much weight.

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

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TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kenneth Peterson whose telephone number is (571)272-4512. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday, 7:30AM-5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Boyer Ashley can be reached on (571)272-4502. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Kenneth Peterson/
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3724